Permanent Ground Anchor Materials and Components

A permanent ground anchor system is a structural system used to transfer tensile loads to soil or rock. A permanent ground anchor system may also be specified in the Plans as an anchor, a ground anchor, or a tieback. A permanent ground anchor system includes all prestressing steel, anchorage devices, grout, coatings, sheathings and couplers if used.

The Contractor shall either select a permanent ground anchor system from the Qualified Products List or submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the following information:

1. Catalogue cuts or Manufacturer’s Certificates of Compliance for anchorage covers, bond breaker, centralizers, corrosion inhibiting grease, end caps, grout admixtures, and strand tendon spacers.

2. Manufacturer’s Certificates of Compliance for anchor heads, anchor head wedges, bar tendon nuts, bar tendon couplers, tendon encapsulation tubing, trumpet assemblies, and bar tendons or strand tendons. The Manufacturer’s Certificates of Compliance for the anchorhead wedges (grippers), and bar tendon nuts and couplers, shall confirm compliance with the specified strength requirements.

If the Contractor selects a permanent ground anchor system from the Qualified Products List (QPL), the Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of a certificate from the permanent ground anchor system fabricator/supplier confirming that the material specifications of the permanent ground anchor system components as furnished conform to those specified in the QPL.

Component Material Specifications

Anchorage covers shall have a minimum thickness of 0.20 inches and shall conform to either ASTM A 53 for pipe, or ASTM A 500 for tubing, or ASTM A 36, ASTM A 529, ASTM A 572, ASTM A 588, or AASHTO M 270 for fabricated steel.

Anchorheads shall conform to either ASTM A 36, AASHTO M 169 Grades 1040 or 1045, ASTM A 521 Grade 1045, ASTM A 576 Grade 1045, or ASTM A 536 Grade 80-55-06.

Bearing plates shall conform to either ASTM A 36, ASTM A 572, ASTM A 588, AASHTO M 270, ASTM A 529, or ASTM A 536.

Anchorhead wedges (grippers) shall conform to AASHTO M 169 Grade 12L14, case hardened 0.012 to 0.015 inches deep to Rockwell C 59 to 65.

Bar tendon nuts shall conform to either ASTM A 29 Grade C1045, ASTM A 521 Class CF, AASHTO M 169 Grades 1117 or 1144, or ASTM A 536 Grade 100-70-03, and shall be capable of developing 100 percent of the GUTS of the bar tendon.

Bondbreaker shall conform to the requirements of Section 4.7 of the Post-Tensioning Institute “Recommendations for Prestressed Rock and Soil Anchors”, Fourth Edition - 2004, and shall be fabricated from a smooth plastic tube or pipe having the following properties:
1. Resistant to chemical attack from aggressive environments, grout or grease;
2. Resistant to aging by ultra-violet light;
3. Fabricated from material nondetrimental to the tendon;
4. Capable of withstanding abrasion, impact, and bending during handling and installation;
5. Enable the tendon to elongate during testing and stressing; and
6. Allow the tendon to remain unbonded after lock-off.

Centralizers shall be fabricated from plastic, steel, or material which is nondetrimental to the prestressing steel. Wood shall not be used.

Corrosion inhibiting grease shall conform to the requirements of Section 3.2.5 of the Post-Tensioning Institute, "Specification For Unbonded Single Strand Tendons".

Couplers for bar tendons, if required, shall be furnished by the manufacturer of the bar tendons and shall be AASHTO M 169 Grades 1045, 1117 or 1144, ASTM A 519 Grade 1026, or equivalent steel developing 100 percent of the GUTS of the bar tendon without evidence of any failure. Couplers shall be placed in the bond zone. Couplers for strand tendons will not be allowed.

End caps shall conform to ASTM D 3350 Class PE324420C, Class PE334410C, or Class PE335400C, ASTM D 1248, and AASHTO M 252, ASTM D 1784 Class 1346B, ASTM A 653, or ASTM A 36.

Grout shall be a neat cement grout or a sand-cement grout conforming to Section 9-20.3(4). The compressive strength for the grout shall be as required by the tieback manufacturer. Grout components shall be as follows:

- Admixtures shall conform to the requirements of Section 9-23.6. Expansive admixtures shall only be added to the grout used for filling sealed encapsulations, trumpets and anchorage covers. Accelerators will not be permitted. Admixtures shall be compatible with prestressing steels and mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Aggregates shall conform to the requirements of Section 9-03.
- Cement shall conform to the requirements of Section 9-01, and shall not contain lumps or other indications of hydration.

Prestressing steel shall consist of either bar tendons with an ultimate tensile strength of 150 ksi conforming to AASHTO M 275 Type II, or strand tendons with an ultimate tensile strength of 270 ksi conforming to AASHTO M 203. The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of certified mill test results and typical stress-strain curves along with samples from each heat, properly marked, for the prestressing steel. The typical stress-strain curve shall be obtained by conventional industry standard practices. The guaranteed ultimate strength, yield strength, elongation, and composition shall be specified.
Strand tendon spacers shall be fabricated from plastic, steel, or material which is nondetrimental to the prestressing steel. Wood shall not be used.

Tendon encapsulation, when specified in the Plans to provide additional corrosion protection, shall be fabricated from one of the following:

1. High density corrugated polyethylene (PE) tubing conforming to the requirements of ASTM D 3350 Class PE334410C, Class PE335520C or Class PE335400C, ASTM D 1248, and AASHTO M 252 and having a nominal wall thickness of 40 mils or greater.

2. Corrugated, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) tubing conforming to ASTM D 1784, Class 13464-B, and having a nominal wall thickness of 40 mils or greater.

Trumpet providing the transition from the bearing plate to the unbonded length corrosion protection shall be fabricated from a steel pipe or tube conforming to the requirements of ASTM A 53 for pipe or ASTM A 500 for tubing. The trumpet shall have a minimum wall thickness of 0.20 inches, and shall be seal welded to the bearing plate. The seal weld shall be visually inspected only, in accordance with Section 6-03.3(25)A.